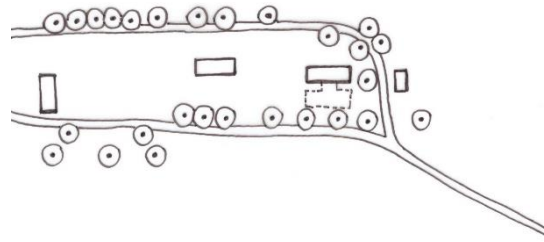


The Development of the Farm

SECOND PHASE: FIRST USE OF WERF FOR WINE FARMING



Theodorus Kleijnhans, the owner from 1759 to 1776, introduced viticulture to the farm. A wine cellar is mentioned in the deed of transfer for the sale of his farm to Johannes Lüttig. There is no indication in the tax returns and other archival sources of Kleijnhans farming grain. It is possible that he used the existing first barn (not in existence today, but was located north of the current “The Venue”) as his wine cellar. But, since he also owned a wagon, his cellar building probably also served as wagon house and workshop. It is uncertain whether his cellar/wagon house/workshop/barn was not perhaps the second barn structure (“The Chapel” today), which the archaeologist has dated later, to 1780. During Kleijnhans’ time on Diamant, the back wing of the “Manor House” was first constructed (c.1750) and then later the front wing (c.1770). The outbuilding south of the “Manor House” was constructed c.1760/70. The original use of this building (the current “Office”) is uncertain and it has been speculated that it may have been a water mill, although this has not been physically proven in the archaeological investigation, and the notion has been ruled out.